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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/715,109	11/20/2000	Toshio Sakurai	862.1731 D2	8881
5514 75	90 09/21/2004		EXAMINER	
	K CELLA HARPER &	NGUYEN, VAN H		
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2126	
			DATE MAILED: 09/21/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/715,109	SAKURAI, TOSHIO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	VAN H NGUYEN	2126
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 Mg	ONTH(S) FROM
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a re oly within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' e, cause the application to become AB.	eply be tirnely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 N	May 2004.	
	s action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the ments is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	•	
4) Claim(s) 30-69 is/are pending in the application	on.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>30-69</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc	cepted or b) objected to b	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority 	ts have been received. ts have been received in A	oplication No
application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not i	received.
and the state of t		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	d) [] Intonitani o	mmon (PTO 413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 04/16/04.		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Art Unit: 2126

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 30-69 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 30-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sasaki (U.S. 5,228,118) in view of Tanaka et al. (U.S. 4,924,320).
- 4. The Sasaki and Tanaka references were cited by Applicant in the IDS filed June 02, 2003.
- 5. As to claim 65, Sasaki teaches the invention substantially as claimed including an information processing apparatus which is connectable to a device via a cable (col.5, lines 7-15 and fig. 3), comprising:
- a detecting unit adapted to detect whether or not the cable is connected to the information processing apparatus (abstract; lines 6-9; col. 8, lines 32-35; and fig.6);

Art Unit: 2126

a discriminating unit adapted to discriminate whether or not a device driver corresponding to the obtained device ID exists in the information apparatus (col.7, lines 9-49 and col.9, lines 50-65).

Sasaki does teach the information processing apparatus including a plurality of devices identified by identification data and the detecting step as claimed. Sasaki, however, does not explicitly teach transmitting a device ID to the information processing apparatus, on the basis of a type of an optional unit which is attached to the device.

Tanaka teaches transmitting a device ID to the information processing apparatus, on the basis of a type of an optional unit which is attached to the device (col.27, lines 33-43).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Tanaka and Sasaki because Tanaka's teaching would have provided the capability for the main unit CPU to recognize the identity of an optional device and determine a proper connection condition between the main unit CPU and each of the optional devices.

- 6. As to claim 66, Sasaki teaches a warning unit adapted to warn when said discriminating unit discriminates that the device driver corresponding to the device does not exist in the information processing apparatus (col.8, lines 11-43).
- 7. As to claim 67, Sasaki teaches a selecting unit adapted to select a device driver corresponding to the device obtained by the obtaining unit, to activate the device driver when the discriminating means discriminates that the device driver corresponding to the device exists in the information apparatus (col.7, lines 9-27).

Art Unit: 2126

- 8. As to claim 68, note the rejection of claim 65 above. Claim 68 is the same as claim 65, except claim 68 is a method claim and claim 65 is an apparatus claim.
- 9. As to claim 69, note the rejection of claim 65 above. Claim 69 is the same as claim 65, except claim 69 is a computer-readable storage medium claim and claim 65 is an apparatus claim.
- 10. As to claim 30, the rejection of claim 65 above is incorporated herein in full.

 Additionally, Sasaki further teaches a warning unit adapted to warn when the discriminating unit discriminates that the device driver corresponding, to the obtained device ID is not installed in the information processing apparatus (col.8, lines 11-43).

Sasaki does teach each device is identified by a device ID. Sasaki, however, does not explicitly teach a device ID which is defined as one of different IDs provided for each device model.

Tanaka teaches a device ID which is defined as one of different IDs provided for each device model (abstract, lines 7-12).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Tanaka and Sasaki because Tanaka's teaching would have provided the capability for the main unit CPU to recognize the identity of an optional device and determine a proper connection condition between the main unit CPU and each of the optional devices.

11. As to claim 31, Sasaki teaches an activating unit, adapted to activate the device driver to be used (col.8, lines 11-23), when the discriminating unit discriminates that the device driver corresponding to the d obtained device ID is not installed (col.8, lines 24-61).

Art Unit: 2126

- 12. As to claim 32, Sasaki teaches the device is a printer (col. 5, line 15 and fig. 3).
- 13. As to claim 33, Sasaki teaches a determination unit adapted to determine whether or not device drivers, which are activated in the information processing apparatus at present, are able to support a device driver corresponding to the device on the basis of determining result of the obtained device ID (col.8, lines 9-43).
- 8. As to claim 34, Sasaki teaches the determination unit determines that the device driver corresponding to the obtained device ID is not supported by the activated device drivers, the discriminating unit performs the discriminating (col.7, lines 9-55 and col.8, lines 11-43).
- 9. As to claims 35-39, note the rejection of claims 30-34 above. Claims 35-39 are the same as claims 30-34, except claims 35-39 are method claims and claims 30-34 are apparatus claims.
- 10. As to claims 40-44, note the rejection of claims 30-34 above. Claims 40-44 are the same as claims 30-34, except claims 40-44 are computer-readable storage medium claims and claims 30-34 are apparatus claims.
- 12. As to claims 45-49, note the rejection of claims 30-34 above. Claims 45-49 are the same as claims 30-34, except claims 45-49 are computer program product claims and claims 30-34 are apparatus claims.
- As to claim 50, the rejection of claim 65 above is incorporated herein in full.

 Additionally, Sasaki further teaches installing a device driver corresponding to the device ID obtained by the obtaining means, when it is determined by the first determination means that the connected device can not be supported (col.10, lines 47-59).
- 14. As to claim 51, Sasaki teaches second determination means for determining whether or not there exists data to be printed in the information processing apparatus, when it is determined

Art Unit: 2126

by the first determination means that the connected device can be supported (col. 7, line 65-col. 8, line 10) and performing means for performing a printing operation on the data when it is determined by the second determination means that there exists data to be printed in the apparatus (col. 8, lines 11-23).

- As to claim 52, Sasaki teaches third determination means for determining; whether or not a device driver corresponding to the obtained device ID is installed (col. 7, lines 9-43), when it is determined by the first determination means that the connected device can not be supported (col. 8, lines 24-43), wherein the installing means installs the device driver corresponding to the obtained device ID when it is determined by the third determination means that the device driver corresponding to the obtained device ID is installed (col. 7, lines 9-43).
- 16. As to claim 53, Sasaki teaches warning means for warning, when it is determined by the third determination means that the driver corresponding to the obtained device ID is not installed (col.8, lines 11-43).
- 17. As to claim 54, Sasaki teaches the device comprises a printer (the laser printer LP; col. 5, line 15 and fig. 3).
- 18. As to claims 55-59, note the rejection of claims 50-54 above. Claims 55-59 are the same as claims 50-54, except claims 55-59 are method claims and claims 50-54 are apparatus claims.
- 19. As to claims 60-64, note the rejection of claims 50-54 above. Claims 60-64 are the same as claims 50-54, except claims 60-64 are processing program claims and claims 50-54 are apparatus claims.

Art Unit: 2126

Response to Arguments

20. Applicant's arguments filed on May 18, 2004 have been fully considered, but are deemed to be moot in view of the new grounds of rejection necessitated by Applicant's amendments.

Conclusion

- 21. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(x). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(x).
- 22. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.
- 23. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to VAN H. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (703) 306 -5971. After mid-October, 2004, the examiner can be reached at (571) 272-3765. The

Art Unit: 2126

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:30AM - 6:00PM. The examiner can also be reached on alternative Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (703) 305-9678.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

VHN

MENG-AL T. AN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER Page 8

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